

Illinois EPA Lead Service Line Replacement 2022 CIFA Workshop November 8, 2022

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Illinois Lead Service Line Replacement Funding Cap Grant/WIFTA Principal Forgiveness

- 2017 Galesburg \$2M Cap Grant PF
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- 2019 Rockford \$2M Cap Grant PF
- 2020 \$7.9M Cap Grant PF (7 communities)
- 2020 \$3.2M WIFTA PF (3 communities)
- 2021 \$24.4M WIFTA PF (12 communities)
- 2022 \$27.5M WIFTA PF (9 communities)

replaced 504 LSL's

replaced 560 LSL's

replaced 559 LSL's

replaced 195 LSL's

replaced 1,349 LSL's

replaced 442 LSL's

estimating 4,664 LSL's

estimating 3,600 LSL's

Illinois Lead Service Line Background 2016-2017 Illinois Started "Investigating"

- 1,758 Community Water Supplies in Illinois
- Illinois Population 12+ Million
- Number of lead service lines????
- Initial estimates from 500,000 to 1,000,000?????
- State Law Passed January 2017 (modifies Section 17.11 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act) requiring service line inventory information be submitted by all community water systems annually.

Illinois Service Line Material Inventory Started in 2019

- Illinois Summary Data 2020 Reporting Year
- 1,756 of 1,758 CWS's reported inventory information

•	667,275	Lead	(Chicago	387,	,095)
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• 815,586 Unknown

• 367,756 Copper w/ lead solder

62,958 Galvanized

242,767 Unknown but not lead

• 1,378,454 Copper w/out lead solder

• 38,223 Cast/Ductile Iron or Transite

• 275,490 Plastic

Illinois Service Line Material Inventory Info

- •https://www2.illinois.gov/epa/topics/drinkingwater/public-water-users/Pages/lead-service-lineinformation.aspx
- Search or Sort inventory by Facility Name, County, Reporting Year, etc.

PWSLP Lead Service Line Replacement (LSRL) WIFTA Principal Forgiveness

- Illinois EPA took advantage of the Water Infrastructure Fund Transfer Act (WIFTA) Transferring \$107,892,848 from the wastewater to drinking water SRF loan program solely dedicated to LSLR principal forgiveness.
 - FY2021/22/23 Maximum of \$4M per recipient
- As of November 1, 2022 \$63.5M of WIFTA funds committed.
- Projecting to commit remaining WIFTA funds by end of FY2023.

Lead Service Line Replacement What Does It Cost?

 "Urban" vs. "Rural" costs vary greatly (Design, Construction & Construction Oversight)

3,734
7,318
3,091
9,524
,
3,319
7

Chicago – 387,095 Lead Service Lines

 Chicago is estimating a complete service line replacement will cost between \$20,000 - \$26,000

- Replacing all lead service lines
- •\$7.7 10.1 Billion

- Creates the Lead Service Line Replacement Fund to be used to finance and administer programs and activities (<u>no revenue source in legislation</u>). Requires the Illinois EPA to:
 - establish procedures for the administration of the Fund.
 - <u>establish procedures for the collection of a specified (to be developed by rule) lead in drinking water protection fee to be collected by all community water supplies.</u>
 - NO MONEY PROVIDED IN THE FUND
- Creates the Lead Service Line Replacement Advisory Board within the Agency.
 - 28 Voting members
 - 3 State Agency Directors
 - 16 representing water utilities
 - <u>9 representing non water sector perspectives</u>

- Expands Requirements of Current Service Line Material Inventory
 - No longer report material as "Unknown" Unknown considered Lead
 - Initial inventory due April 15, 2023
 - Final complete inventory due April 15, 2024
 - Must identify number of connections in water supply
 - Must identify material of construction both public and private sides
 - Prioritize inspections in high-risk areas (day cares, hospitals, playgrounds, etc.)
 - Many, many more requirements

- <u>Prohibits Partial Lead Service Line Replacement</u> when replacing watermain
 - Provisions for "emergency replacements" if the entire service line can't be replaced
 - Provide filter for at least one fixture until entire line replaced (30 days)
 - Routine watermain replacement
 - Requires customer notification prior to construction or repair

- Requires Comprehensive LSL Replacement Plans to be developed
 - Initial Plan due April 25, 2024
 - Updated Plan required annually through April 2027
 - Final Plan due April 2027 Schedule for replacement begins
- Comprehensive LSL Replacement Schedule

< 1,200 LSL's	7%/Yr	15 Years
• 1,200- 4,999 LSL's	6%/Yr	17 Years
• 5,000- 9,999 LSL's	5%/Yr	20 Years
• 10,00- 99,999 LSL's	3%/Yr	34 Years
 > 100,000 LSL's 	2%/Yr	50 Years

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) Illinois Lead Service Line Replacement Funding

- Illinois will be getting \$106.9M per year for 5 years (\$533.7M)
- 49% of funds can be provided as Principal Forgiveness to "disadvantaged communities". 51% of funds will be loan and therefore must be repaid
- State working on unique "disadvantaged community" definition which will only be for LSLR funding.
- Will require new Administrative Rule to be adopted.
 - Contemplating 0% fixed interest rate
 - 30-year term 40-year term for disadvantaged communities

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) Illinois Lead Service Line Replacement Funding

- Tentative Plan "disadvantaged community" loans will receive 100% principal forgiveness until PF is exhausted
- All other funding will be 100% loan at 0%
- Project location by census tract will determine the metrics used to determine if project qualifies as a disadvantaged community and to score and rank/prioritize projects
- Census Metrics being considered MHI, Poverty, Unemployment, Houses built pre-1990, Children Under 6, Social Security, Supplemental Social Security, Minority, Limited English

Lead Service Line Inventory Grant Program Just Announced

- Initial Round of Funding \$2M from DWSRF Fees
- Application deadline December 2, 2022
- Grants will range from \$20,000 to \$50,000 depending on the number of service connections within the applicant's community water supply system.

• 5,000+ Service Connections \$50,000

• 1,000-4,999 Service Connections \$40,000

• 100-999 Service Connections \$30,000

Less than 100 Service Connections \$20,000

• Future rounds of funding possible depending on demand in first round



Questions?

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Illinois EPA – Bureau of Water

Infrastructure Financial Assistance Section

